indions. In 1856 the Paragony was the instability of the value of our currency is prejudicial to our prespective, and tends to keep up prices to thedestiment of true denominations as had heresoften for the posterior. The partners—the paragony was the instability of the value of our currency is prejudicial to our prespective, and tends to keep up prices to the destributed in the stability of the value of our prespective, and tends to keep up prices to the destributed in the interior of Brazil, by immind decree, declared the Amazon to open to the frontier of Brazil to open to the frontier of the section of the section of the premium of gold has fallen so then being our premium of gold has fallen so then being our premium of gold has fallen so then being our premium of gold has fallen so then being our premium of gold has fallen so then being the premium of gold has fallen so then being the premium of gold has fallen so then being the premium of gold has fallen so then being to sme other denominations as had heresoften for the would undertake the work on the open to the frontier of Brazil to open to the frontier of the stabilished missions among the Indiana day.

In the previous of the stabilished in the interior front the open to subtilities of following the content of the stabilished missions among the Indiana department—the Bureau of Education to School themselved to make the would undertake the work on the stabilished in the interior front the open all nations. In 1855 the Paraguay was made free by treaty, and in December, 1866, the Emperor of Brazil, by imperial decree, declared the Amazon to be open to the frontier of Brazil to the merchant ships of all nations. The greatest living British authority on the subject, while asserting the abstract right of the British claims, says: "It seems difficult to deny that Great Britain may ground her refusal upon strict law, but it is equally difficult to deny, first, that in so doing she exer-cises harshly an extreme and hard law; secondly, that her conduct with respect to the navigation of the St. Lawrence is in glaring and discreditable inconsistency with her conduct with respect to the navigation of the Mississippi, On the ground that she possessed a small domain in which the Mississippi took its rise, she insisted on this right to navigate the entire volume of its waters, on the ground that she possessed both banks of the St. Lawrence, where it disembogues into the sea, she denies to the United States the right of navigation, though about one-half of the waters of Lakes Ontario, Erie, Huron and Superior and the whole of Lake Michigan, through which the river flows, are the property of the United States." The whole nation is interested in securing cheap transportation from the agricultural States of the West to the Atlantic scaboard. To the citizens of those States it secures a greater return for their labor, to the inhabitants of seaboard; it offers cheaper food, to the nation an increase in the annual surplus of wealth. It is hoped that the Government of Great Britain will see the justice of abandoning the narrow and inconsistent claim to which her Canadian provinces have urged her adherence.

OUR DEPRESSED COMMERCE.

Our depressed commerce is a subject to which I called your special atten-tion at the last session. I suggested that we will in the future have to look that we will in the future have to look more to the countries south of us, and to Chinaaand Japan for its revival. Our representatives to all those governments have exerted their influence to encourage trade between the United States and the countries to which they are accredited, but the fact exists that the carrying is done almost entirely in foreign bottoms, and while this state of affairs exists, we cannot control our due share of the commerce of the world; that between the Pacific States and China and Japan is about on all the carrying trade now conducted in American vessels. I would recommend a liberal policy towards that line of

Department of the Interior, to which they seem more appropriately to belong, all powers and other duties in relation to the territories with which the Department of State is now charged by law or usage, and from the Interior Department to the War Department the Pension Bureau, so far as it regulates the payment of soldiers' pensions. I would further recommend that the payment of naval pensions be transferred to one of the bureaus of the Navy Department.

THE ESTIMATES.

The estimates for the expenses of the Government for the fiscal year are \$18,244,346.01 less than for the current one, but exceed the appropriations for the present year for the same items \$8,972,127.56. In this estimate, however, is included 822,338,278.87 for public works neretofore begun under Congressional provision, and of which REFORM IN THE MANAGEMENT OF INonly so much is asked as Congress may choose to give. The appropriation for the same works for the present fiscal year was \$11,984,518.08.

REDUCTION OF TAXATION.

The tax collected from the people has been reduced more than cighty million dollars per annum. By steadiness in our present course there is no reason why in a few short years the the national tax gatherer may not disappear from the door of the citizen almost entirely. With the revenue stamps dispensed by the postmasters in every community, a tax upon ilquors of all'sorts, and tobacco in all forms, and by a wise adjustment of the tariff which will put a duty only upon those of which we use more than we produce, revenue enough may be raised after a few years of peace, and a consequent reduction of indebetuess. Tofulfill all our obligations, a further reduction of expense, in addition to a reduction of interest account, may be relied on to make this practicable. Revenue reform, if it means this, has my hearty support. If it implies a collection of all the revenue for the support of the Government, for the payment of the principal and interest of the public debt, pensions, etc., by directly taxing the people, then I am against revenue reform, and sions, etc., by directly taxing the people, then I am against revenue reform, and confidently believe the people are with me. If it was followed the people are with me. confidently believe the people are with me. If it means fallure to provide the necessary means to defray all expenses of the Government, and thereby repudiation of of the public debt and pensions, then I am still more opposed to such kind of revenue reform. Revenue reform has not been denied by any of its advocates to my knowledge, but seems to be something which is to supply every man's wants without any cost or effort on his part. A true revenue reform cannot be made in a day, but must be the work of rational legislation and of time. As soon as the revenue can be disbe the work of rational legislation and of time. As soon as the revenue can be dispensed with all duty should be removed from coffee, tea, and other articles of universal use not produced by ourselves. The necessities of the country compel us to collect revenue from our imports. An army of collectors and assessors is not a pleasant sight to the citizen, but that of a tariff for revenue is necessary. Such a tariff, so far as it acts in encouragement to home products, affords employment to habor at living wages in contrast to the pauper labor of the old world, and also in the development of home resources.

THE ARMY.

second process and approximate water of the last years of the last years for the common date and the process of the respect to the second process of the last years for the last years f

departments. At present these commis-sions, where appointments are made, are issued by the State Department. The law in all the departments of Government ex-cept those of the Postoffice and of Justice authorizes each to issue its own commis-

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM RECOMMENDED. Always favoring practical reforms, I re-Always favoring practical reforms, I respectfully direct your attention to one abuse of long standing, which I would like to see removed by this Congress. It is a reform in the Civil Service of the country. I would have it go beyond the mere fixing of the tenure of office of clerks and employees, who do not require the advice and consent of the Senate to make their appointments complete. I would have it govern not the tenure but the manner of making all appointments. There is no duty which so much embarrasses the executive and heads of departments as that of appointments, nor is there any such arduous or thankless labor imposed on Senators and Representatives as that of finding places for constituents. The present ing places for constituents. The present system does not seeme the best men, and often not even fit men for public places. The elevation and purification of the civil service of the Government will be hailed with approval by the whole people of the United States.

DIAN AFFAIRS.

Reform in the management of Indian Affairs has received the special attention of the Administration from the inaugurayear was \$11,984,518.08.

RELATIVE VALUE OF GOLD AND SILWEB CURRENCY.

The average value of gold compared with national currency for the whole of the year 1868, was about 134, and for the whole of the cleven months of 1870 the want relative value has been about 115.—

The approach to a specie levis is very great.

In approach to a specie levis is very great.

THE PUBLIC DOMIAN. During the last fiscal year 8,005,413 acres of the public land was disposed of. Of this quantity 3,688,919 acres were taken During the last fiscal year 8,085,413 acres of the public land was disposed of. Of this quantity 3,638,010 acres were taken under the homestead law, and 2,159,515 acres sold for cash. The remainder was located with military warrants, college or Indian scrip, or applied in satisfaction of grants to rairoads or for other public uses. The entries under the homestead law during the last year covered 81,545 acres more than during the preceding year.—Surveys have been vigorously prosecuted to the full extent of the means applicable to the purpose. The quantity of land in market will amply supply the present demand. The claims of the settlers under the homestead or the pre-emption laws, are not, however, limited to the lands-subject to sale at private entry. Any unappropristed surveyed public land may, to a limited amount, be acquired under the former laws, if the party entitled to enter under them will comply with the requirements they prescribe in regard to the residence and cultivation. The actual settler's preference right of purchase is even breader, and extends to lands which were unsurveyed at the time of his settlement.—His right was formerly contined within much narrower limits, and at one period of our history was conferred only by special statutes. They were enacted from time to legalize what was then regarded as an unauthorized intrusion upon the National domain. The opinion that the public lands should be regarded chiefly as a source of revenue is no longer maintained. The rapid settlement and successful cultivation of them is now justiy considered of more importance to our well being han is the fund which the sale of them would produce. The remarkable growth and prosperity of our new Sates and Territories attest the wisdom of the legislation which invites the tiller of the soil to secture a permanent home on terms within the reach of all. The pioneer who incurs the dangers and privations of a frontier life, thus aids in laying the foundation of new commonwealitis, renders a signal ser. the dangers and privations of a frontier life, thus aids in laying the foundation of new commonwealths, renders a signal ser-vice to his country, and is entitled to its new commonwealths, renders a signal service to his country, and is entitled to its special favor and protection. The lawssecure that object and largely promote the general welfare. They should, therefore, be cherished as a permanent feature of our land system. Good faith requires us to give full effect to existing grants. The time honored and the beneficent policy of setting apart certain sections of public land tore ducational purposes in the new States should be continued. When ample provision shall have been made for these objects, I submit as a question worthy a serious consideration whether the residue of our national domain should not be wholly disposed of under the provision of the homestead and pre-emption laws. In the addition to the swamp and overflowed lands granted to the State in which they are situated, the lands taken under the agricultural college acts for internal improvements or improvement purposes, under the act of September, 1841, and the acts supplementary thereto, there had been conveyed up to the close of the last fiscal year, by patent or other equivalent evidence of fitte to states and corporations 2,783,257 13–100 acres; for railways, canals and wagon roads, it is estimated

During the year ending September 30, 1870, there were filed in the Patent Office 19,411 applications for patents, 3,374 caveats and 160 applications for the extension of patents; 43,622 patents, including reissues and designs, were issued, 110 extended, and 1,080 allowed but not issued by reason of the non-payment of the final fees. The receipts of this office during the fiscal year were \$130,304 29 in excess of its expenditures.

THE CENSUS.

PENSIONS.

close 198,688 names were on the pension rolls. This labors Pension Office have been directed to a very severe scrutiny of the evidence submitted in favor of claims and

to the discovery of fletticious claims which have been heretofore allowed. The appro-priation for the employment of special agents for the investigation of frauds has been judiciously used, and the result ob-tained have been of unquestionable bene-fit to the service.

body's Darling Waltz; Damask Rose Schottische. Terms 83 per annum, or Dr. J. J. LAWRENCE, Organic

The work of the Census Bureau has The work of the Census Bureau has been energetically prosecuted. The preliminary report conta. ning much information of special value and interest, will be 
ready for delivery during the present session. The remaining volumes will be completed with all the despatch consistent with 
perfect accuracy in arranging and classifying the returns. We shall thus at no distant day be furnished with an authentic 
record of our condition and resour 
ces. It will, I doubt not, attest the growing prosperity of the country, although 
during the decade which has just closed it 
was see severely tried by the great war 
waged to maintain its integrity and to secure and perpetuate our free institutions, \$80 to \$200 per Month by selling GREATFORTUNES GREATFORTUNES.
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719 Sansom St., Philadelphia, 38-4t During the last fiscal year the sum paid to pensioners, including the cost of dis-bursement was \$27,780,811 II and 1,758 bounty land warrants were issued. At its

INSURANCE

Assets Jan; 1, 1800, \$2,348,323 89 \$29,000,000 los os paid since its organiza-on. WM. BUHLER, Central Agent,

MILES W. TATE, Agent in Ti

ple, to the end that war with all its blighting consequences may be averted, but without surrendering any right of obligation
due to us; a reform in the treatment of
Indians and, in the whole civil service of
the country, and in securing a pure, untrampled ballot, at which every man entitled to cast a vote may do so just once at
each election, without fear of molestation
or prosecution on account of his political
faith, nativity or color.

[Signed]

U. S. Grant.

[Signed] U. S. GRANT. EXECUTIVE MANSION, December 5, 4870

Whe Forest Republican.

W. R. DUNN . . . . EDITOR.

TUESDAY MORNING, DEC. 13.

-We this week publish the Presiient's Message, to the exclusion of other reading matter. It is a document of prices

well worthy of our President, and the Republican Press throughout the country is universal in its commendation of it. The Pittsburgh Commercial says of it: "The Message bears the evidence of being his (Grant's) own work, of having been struck out from his own mind, and with a purpose which gives to it the cast of decided individuality. Were the Message less Grant and more somebody else, or several somebodys, it would be less satisfactory. And he may safely conclude that in proportion as his Administration, as Mr. Line iln was in the habit of saying, is "run by himself," advised only by men of ele-

-We have received the December Recommended and Endorsed by over

the leaves around us falling. Sacred; Not a Secret Quack Medicine-For-

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Success in Curing Consumption in its early stages, Scrofu

la, So hilis, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Chronic Kheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervous Affection, Exuptions of of the Skin, Humors, Loss of Vigor, Diseases of the Kindeys and Bladder, and all Diseases caused by

a Bad State of the Blood.

It thoroughly eradicates every kind of Humor and Bad taint, and restores the en-tire system to a healthy condition. It is beyond question the Finest Tonic in the World. Thousands have been changed by the use of this medicine from weak, sickly, suffer-ing creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women.
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reputation as this justly celebrated com-

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TRIAL LIST FOR DECEMB'S TERM 1870.

John A Dalo vs The Borough of Tionests.
Proper di leck vs Joa Y Saul, with characteristic factors of the factor

bert et al Thomas Mowris vs William Slater et al J D Glenn vs The Hickery Farm Oil Co David Gill vs James Green et al adınr's M Strain use L Hilbruner vs Wm Crispin M Strain use L Hilbruner vs Wm Crispin M Strain use L Hilbruner vs Wm Crispin Malcom McQuaig vs Michel Brecht Malcom McQuaig vs Daniel Brecht et al Selden Whitman vs Solomon Seigworth et al

T A McFarland et al vs A Bean The Pittsburgh and Stewart's Run Off Co vs John Herbert et al Wm Wray vs Barnett Township School District District
Joseph G Dale us Horace Wilkins et al
Foster & Company vs T W Taylor et al
Edward A Stearns et al vs T W Taylor et al
Maleom McQunig vs John Miller
O W Randall vs F & Reisdolph et al
Wilbur Walling vs George Bulmer
Forest County vs John G Brandon, late
Treasurer of Forest County
Ford & Laey vs B McCloskey et al
J. H. AGNEW, Proth'y,
Tionesta, Nov. 17, 1870. 53-3t

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, The Honorable James Campbell, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas and Quarter Sessions in and for the county of Forest, has issued his precept for holding a Court of Common Pleas and Quarter Sessions, &c., at Tionesta, for the County of Forest, to commence on the fourth Monday of Dec. next, being the 28th day of Dec., 1870. Notice is therefore given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables of said county, that they be then and there in their proper persons at ton o clock, . M. of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done, and to those who are bound in recognizance to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Forest County, that they be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just, tiven under my hand and seal this 19th day of Nov., A. D. 1870.

E. L. DAVIS, Shiff. WHEREAS, The Honorable James Camp-

S. C. CLARK, TIDIOUTE, PA. WATCH MAKER & JEWELER, And Dealer in

WATCHES, JEWELRY, A. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. AND Repairing done in a workmanlike manner and warranted to give satis wants of this community, with an faction.

ESTRAY. CAME to the premises of the subscriber C in Green township, six miles southeast of Tionesta, on Monday, Nov. 21st, a Dank Buinble Bull about two years old, with a sit in the left ear. The owner is requir-

as it in the left ear. The owner is required to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be disposed of according to law.

PETER YOUNGK,
Nebraska, Pa.

OCTOBER, 1860. J. & P. COATS'

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NOTIONS, ETC., ETC.

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per cent, per annum, payable 13th February and August, in GLD free of United
States taxes, in New York or Europe. The
bonds have thirty years to run, payable in
New York in GOLD. Trustess, Farmers'
Loan and Trust Company of New York,
The mortgage which secures these bonds
is at the raw of \$15,500 per mile; covers
a completed road for every bond issued,
and is a first and ONLY mertgage. This
line, connecting St. Joseph with Fort
Kearney, will make a short and through
route to Colifornia.
The Company have a Capital

The Company have a Capital Stock of -\$10,000,000 And a grant of Land from Congress, of 1,600,000 Acres valued, at the lowest estimate, at - -4,000,000

3,500,000

Total, - - -\$15,500,000 Total length of road, 271 miles' distance included in this Mortgage, 111 miles; price 871 and accrued interest, IN CURRENCY. Can be obtained from the undersigned. Also, pamphiets, maps and information relating; hereto. These tonds, being so well secured and yielding a large income, are distrable to parties seeking safe and incrntive investments. We recommend them with entire confidence. them with entire confider

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business and to the wants of the people, to

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